

On asymptotic normality of solutions of the Cauchy problem of a parabolic equation with random right side

Nursadyk AKANBAY ¹, Zoiya SULEYMENOVA ², Samal TAPEEVA ³

^{1,2,3} *Department of Mechanics and Mathematics, Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty, Kazakhstan*

E-mail: suleymenova.zoiya@mail.ru

Abstract: Consider the Cauchy problem for the heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u(t, x)}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(t, x)}{\partial x^2} + C(t, x), \quad u(0, x) = f(x), \quad (1)$$

where $t \geq 0$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $f(x)$, $C(t, x)$ are continuous bounded (generally speaking, random) functions. Then to solve the problem (1) we have

$$u(t, x) = M_x \left[f(W_t) + \int_0^t C(t-s, W_s) ds \right],$$

where W_s is Wiener process and sign M_x means taking the conditional expectation on all facing at the initial time $t = 0$ of point x , trajectories of W_t process. Next we consider the special case of the equation (1), namely, consider the equation

$$\frac{\partial u(t, x)}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(t, x)}{\partial x^2} + g(x) \dot{W}_t, \quad u(0, x) = f(x), \quad (2)$$

where $t \geq 0$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $f(x)$, $g(x)$ are limited continuous functions, \dot{W}_t is "white noise" [1,2].

Theorem 1. Let $f(x)$, $g(x)$ be continuous and bounded functions. Then, if the function $g(x)$ at $|x| \rightarrow \infty$ satisfies relation $|g(x) - \sigma(x)| \rightarrow 0$, where $\sigma(x) = \sigma_1$, $x > 0$; $\sigma(x) = \sigma_2$, $x < 0$; then distribution of the random function $\frac{u(t, x)}{\sqrt{t}}$, where $u(t, x)$ is a solution of Cauchy problem given by equation (2), which at $t \rightarrow \infty$ converges to distribution of the normal random variable with parameters $\left(0, \frac{(\sigma_1 + \sigma_2)^2}{4}\right)$.

Keywords: parabolic equation, Wiener process, white noise, asymptotic normality, infinitesimal operator

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification: 35R60, 60H15

REFERENCES

- [1] Venttsel, A.D., "The course of the theory of random processes", *M. : Nauka*, 1975.
- [2] Akanbay, N., "Fundamentals of probability theory, mathematical statistics and the theory of random processes", *Almaty. : ed. "Kazakh University"*, 2007.