

Menschen unter Belastung

Konrad Reschke (Hrsg.)



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There is a similarity in the private structure of self-esteem of modern Kazakh teenagers and adolescents of older generation by qualities received the highest and lowest scores. The structure of self-esteem of modern teenagers is significantly different from that of adolescent of older generation towards more differentiated.

Confirm the hypothesis of the presence of significant differences in the level of self-esteem between modern Kazakh teenagers, whose personality is formed in the period of the state independence of the Republic of Kazakhstan, and adolescents of older generation. In modern Kazakh teen self-esteem has increased at about 16%.

In general, the general structure of the self-esteem of modern Kazakh teenagers is a more balanced and symmetrical pattern, while the general structure of adolescent self-esteem of the older generation is an asymmetric distribution of scores with explicit component of ethnic identity as the lead managers.

Thus, comparing the role of ethnic identity component in the general structure of self-esteem, it can be concluded that a component of ethnic identity came in the fourth place in importance and no longer plays a leading role, as the older generation of teenagers.

The ethnic identity of modern Kazakh adolescents revealed both similarities and differences with the peculiarities of ethnic identity of young people of the older generation.

The relevance of the development of ethnic identity and self-esteem of teenagers is important in the new conditions of life of state independence of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as is the need to take account of new scientific data to improve performance with teenagers.

Summarizing our research note that adolescence is the age of rapid development of the individual. Modern conditions of state sovereignty of the Republic of Kazakhstan create new living conditions for the dynamic development of ethnic identity of teenagers and development of the structure of their self-esteem.

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Study of ethnic identity and self-esteem of modern Kazakh adolescents

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Abstract

The personality of the modern teenager is influenced by communication and collaboration with peers and the older generation. Among modern Kazakh teenagers these processes occur in the new conditions of life, associated with the acquisition of the state sovereignty of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

The novelty of the work is due to the lack of experimental data on the ethnic identity and self-esteem of modern Kazakh teenagers. For the first time, the component of ethnic identity is considered not in isolation but in the structure of self-esteem of teenagers. For the first time, social analysis of ethnic identity's features in the structure of self-esteem of teenagers in comparison with the structure of adolescent self-esteem of the older generation is conducted.

We used modified and developed methods of self-assessment measuring by Kunitsyna V.N.: "Self- assessment -25", "National stereotypes" (Kunitsyna V.N.) for the study of the national identity of adolescents. In general, the general structure of the self-esteem of modern Kazakh teenagers is a more balanced and symmetrical pattern, while the general structure of adolescent self-esteem of the older generation is an asymmetric distribution of scores with explicit component of ethnic identity as the lead managers.

Key words: ethnic identity; self-consciousness; national stereotypes; mental activity

Abstrakt

Diese Arbeit beschreibt transformationsbedingte Effekte auf Identitäts- und Selbstwertentwicklung bei Teenagern in Kasachstan. Die Persönlichkeit des modernen Teenagers wird durch die Kommunikation und Zusammenarbeit mit Gleichaltrigen und der älteren Generation beeinflusst. Bei den modernen kasachischen Jugendlichen treten diese Prozesse unter neuen Lebensbedingungen auf, die mit dem Erwerb der Souveränität der Republik Kasachstan verbunden sind.