





## Book of Abstract

19 August – 23 August, 2019 L.N.Gumilyov Eurasian National University, Nur-Sultan (Astana) Kazakhstan

- P.1.62 Batsaiy Sadykova, T. Nurakhmetov, Zh.M. Salikhodzha, A. Zhunusbekov, A. Kainarbay, D. Daurenbekov, K. Zhangylyssov, B.Yussupbekova Impact of impurities to the efficiency creation of SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> holes trapping centers in K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> crystal
- P.1.63 M. Zdorovets, V.A. Skuratov, A.Dauletbekova, A.Seitbayev, M. Koloberdin, A.N. Krylov, Yu. G.Teterev Experimental set-up for high energy ionoluminescence characterization of radiation damage in materials at DC 60 cyclotron
- P.1.64 D. Sugak, I. Syvorotka, M. Kushlyk, Uliana Yakhnevych, Ya. Zhydachevskyy, O. Buryy, S. Kachin, A.I. Popov, A. Suchocki – Recharge of complex defect centers formed in Gd3Ga5O12 single crystals with Co<sup>2+</sup> ions
- P.1.65 Zhangali Moldabekov, A.M. Zhukeshov, A.T. Gabdullina, A.U. Amrenova, K. Serik Experiments in the plasma focus "PE-30" – energy absorption and damage evolution on plasma facing
- P.1.66 N.A. Voronov, A. Kupchishin, M.N. Niyazov, V.M. Lisitsyn, K.B. Tlebaev Polytetrafluoroethylene deformation under different static loads and electronic irradiation
- P.1.67 L. Kh. Antonova, A.V.Troitskii, V.A. Skuratov, V.K.Semina, G.N.Mikhailova Improving the current capacity of HTSC-3 GdBCOafter irradiation of xenon ions with energy 80 MeV
- P.1.68 Ainura Koshkinbayeva, A. Abdullayev, Zh. Nurkeyev, V.A. Skuratov, Zh. Ulegulov -Swift heavy ion irradiated LiF crystals. nanoscale cross-plane thermal transport and structural characterization
- P.1.69 Noriaki Matsunami, S. Okayasu, M. Sataka, B. Tsuchiya Electronic sputtering of SiC and KBr by high energy ions

Poster section 2, Thursday, August 22, 2019 (Atrium Kultegin)

## P1-65

## Experiments in the plasma focus «PF-30»-energy absorption and damage evolution on plasma facing

Zh.M. Moldabekov, A.M. Zhukeshov, A.T. Gabdullina, A.U. Amrenova, K. Serik

Al-Farabi Kazakh National University., Almaty, Kazakhstan E-mail: <u>Zhan.moldabek@gmail.com</u>

Plasma Focus is useful in a variety of processes and devices for advanced materials deposition [1], removing [2] and damage studies [3]. The machine may be suitable for fusion first wall studies and its related material researches. The main factors for damage of carbon material, stainless steels under high-energy pulses in DPF devices are heat loads resulting in melting of the irradiated surface layers, erosion of materials (mass loss by evaporation and thinning of samples), formation of different types of surface defects and micro-cracks. The PF-30 facility [4] was used for the testing of materials under incident energies up to 230 J/cm<sup>2</sup>.

In the experiments the specimens were exposed to the plasma pulses with perpendicular incidence on the specimen surfaces. Before plasma exposure the weight of the specimens was measured and the profile of the polished surface was recorded with a stylus profilometer to provide a reference for the post experiment profilometry. After the exposure the weight loss was determined and profiles of the ablation craters were measured with a stylus and a laser profilometer. These measurements allowed the direct correlation of local incident energy density and local ablation. Morphological changes were observed by optical and by scanning electron microscopy were shown fig.1.



Fig. 1. SEM image of carbon material, stainless steels target sample 1. Single shot at 12 kV, 0,1 Torr, Ar

In this work carbon material, stainless steels and have been tested. The average weight losses per pulse for specimens exposed to 10 pulses, the energy of plasma's density was 10÷230 J/cm<sup>2</sup>. The shape of the ablation craters were determined by 3-d laser profilometery.

- [2] Xiaolong Jiang, et al., Vacuum 123 (2016) 121-125.
- [3] Retsuo Kawakamia, et al., Vacuum 87 (2013) 136-140.
- [4] Zhukeshov A.M., et al., International Journal of Mathematics and Physics. 1 (2016) 137-140.

<sup>[1]</sup> S. Ulicna, P.J.M. et al., Vacuum 139 (2017) 159-163.