«БОЛАШАҚҚА ҚАДАМ: ҒЫЛЫМ ЖӘНЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ» АТТЫ WCET-2012 V-ШІ БҮКІЛӘЛЕМДІК ИНЖИНИРИНГ ЖӘНЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ КОНГРЕСІНІҢ

ТЕЗИСТЕР ЖИНАГЫ

1 - 2 маусым, 2012, Алматы

СБОРНИК ТЕЗИСОВ

V ВСЕМИРНОГО КОНГРЕССА ИНЖИНИРИНГА И ТЕХНОЛОГИЙ – WCET-2012 «НАУКА И ТЕХНОЛОГИИ: ШАГ В БУДУЩЕЕ»

1 - 2 июня, 2012, Алматы

COLLECTION OF THESIS

OF THE Vth WORLD CONGRESS OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY – WCET-2012 «SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY: STEP TO FUTURE»

1 - 2 June, 2012, Almaty











MODELLING OF STRUCTURE OF TURBULENCE IN THE ROTATING CYLINDER AT INFLUENCE OF THE RADIAL MAGNETIC FIELD

B.T. Zhumagulov, D.B. Zhakebayev, A.U.Abdibekova Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty, Kazakhstan E-mail:a_aigerim@inbox.ru

The successes of modern science and technology have aroused great interest in the use of the phenomena described by the magnetic hydrodynamics of the flow of a conducting fluid in the presence of electromagnetic fields. Already mastered or are being developed technical applications of magneto hydrodynamics include electric power generation, plasma confinement for controlled thermo nuclear reactions, as well as flight control of hypersonic missiles and aircraft. MHD is an important tool in the devices to improve the physical properties of electrically conducting fluid under the influence of the magnetic field. In addition, the study of these phenomena leads to a better understanding of the problems in the physics of gases and the structure of cosmic bodies [1].

We consider the steady turbulent helical fluid flow in a circular cylindrical tube rotating about its axis under the influence of the radial magnetic field at the center of the cylinder. It is proposed semi-empirical model constructed on the basis of equations for the one-point second-order moments for velocity, for the closure of the Reynolds equation for shear flows. Effect of magnetic field on turbulence is an interesting phenomenon. Imposing a magnetic field outside only on a certain part, it is possible to influence the structure of turbulence, fundamental opportunity to receive the flow of the contrast between the steady laminar flow and chaotic flow at high Reynolds numbers. Being unstable in the absence of such flows in a strong magnetic field can be sustained, and the critical Re _{kp} Reynolds number - with the field will grow [2].

The constructed model allows us to obtain closed equations for the motion characteristics of the medium and approximately calculate the fluctuating characteristics of the flow of a conducting fluid rotating in a radial magnetic field. The three-dimensional problem is solved numerically the equations of motion are solved for the modified method of fractional steps with the use of compact schemes, the equation for pressure is solved by the Fourier method, in combination with a matrix factorization. The components of the magnetic field are using the sweep method at each stage of fractional steps. Built and designed a parallel algorithm for solving this problem is implemented on a multiprocessor system with distributed memory [3]. The results are compared with the calculated and experimental data of other authors.

Thus, the results of this work can be widely used in mathematical modeling of MHD flows, in particular, the developed model allows to study the effect of MHD – effects on the hydrodynamic processes of various metallurgical equipment.

References

- 1. Branover H., Cinober A.B. Magnetohydrodynamics incompressible media. Moscow, Nauka. 1970. P. 380.
- 2. Abdibekov U.S., Makanalina G.S. Effect of magnetic field and channel curvature on the turbulent structure of flow // Computational technologies. 2004. V. 9, № 34. P.13-21.
- 3. Abdibekov U.S., Zhumagulov B.T., Zhakebaev D.B. Numerical modeling of non-homogeneous turbulence on cluster computing system // Notes on Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Multidisciplinary Design. 2011. V. 115, P.327–338.

METHOD OF LARGE EDDY SIMMUATION FOR RESEARCH OF INHOMOGENEOUS TURBULENT FLOWS

B.T. Zhumagulov, U.S. Abdibekov, D.B. Zhakebayev , A.N. Abdigalieva
Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty, Kazakhstan
adigalieva_an@mail.ru

Turbulence remains one of the most complex objects to study of fluid mechanics and gas. In the almost century-long history of study offered dozens of different approaches that reflect the most actively developed

Шакиров Б.С., Каримсаков К.Е., Калдыбаев А.Б.	
ФУНДАМЕНТАЛЬНЫЕ И ПРИКЛАДНЫЕ ВОПРОСЫ ЭКОЛОГИЧЕСКОЙ БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ,	
O THE TAN MY TYDINSALINI OT XOLIOB HPOMAIIIIIEHHAIX IDE IIIDIA GTIMA DE CITATETRACIA	
KA3AXCTAH	230
BASIC AND APPLIED ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY ISSUES. THE ATMENT OF DIDUCTED AN ANALYSIS	
DISTOSAL COMPANT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN (DROGDAM)	231
R.I. Chung, Aibert Ho-, Wonjun Changs	
MONITORING OF LARGE STRUCTURES USING DISTRIBUTED SENSING CABLES	231
K.T. Chang ¹ , Albert Ho ² , Wonjun Chang ³ SLOPE MOVEMENT DETECTION USING UPPOLITORS GENERAL STREET	
SLOPE MOVEMENT DETECTION USING UBIQUITOUS SENSOR NETWORK	232
Секция 7. ГЛОБАЛЬНЫЕ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКИЕ ПРЕОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И КОНКУРЕНТНО-	
СПОСОБНОСТЬ СТРАН	
Section 7. GLOBAL ECONOMIC REFORMATIONS AND COMPETITIVENESS OF COUNTRIES	
Abikayeva M.D.	
FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMIC CRISIS	233
Алтаева Г.О., Артыкбаева Л. К., Маглумова Г.С.	
ГЛОБАЛЬНЫЕ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКИЕ ПРЕОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И КОНКУРЕНТОСПОСОБНОСТЬ	
CTPAHЫ Altayeva G.O., Artykbayeva L.K., Maglumova G.S.	234
GLOBAL ECONOMIC CHANGES AND THE COUNTRY'S COMPETITIVENESS.	225
Apynos A.A.	235
КОНКУРЕНТОСПОСОБНОСТЬ РЕСПУБЛИКИ КАЗАХСТАН В УСЛОВИЯХ ПРЕОБРАЗОВАНИЯ	
системы международных экономических отношений	235
Arupov A.A.	
COMPETITIVENESS OF KAZAKHSTAN IN CONDITIONS OF TRANSFORMATION OF THE SYSTEM	
OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS. Jumasseitova A.	239
THE CONTRADICTIONARY CHARACTER OF ECONOMIC INTEGRATION	242
Есекина Б.К.	242
МЕТОДОЛОГИЧЕСКИЕ ОСНОВЫ КОНЦЕПЦИИ «ЗЕЛЕНОГО РОСТА»	243
Yessekina B.K.	
METHODOLOGICAL BASICS OF THE GREEN ECONOMY CONCEPTION	244
AN ANALYSIS OF REFINERY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH THE ECONOMIC MODEL	245
ON A NEW CONCEPT OF SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF KYRGYZSTAN	245
Caboer O.	243
ИДЕЯ ПЕРЕХОДА К ЕДИНОМУ ИЗМЕРИТЕЛЮ ВАЛЮТЫ В МИРЕ	249
Sabaen O.	
THE IDEA OF THE TRANSITION TO THE WORLD UNIQUE MEASURING OF CURRENCY	250
Salimzhanova A. S., Salimzhanov A. S.	
ECONOMY COMPETITIVENESS OF KAZAKHSTAN WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF GLOBAL ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATIONS.	0.50
Сатова Р.К.	250
ПРИНЦИПЫ «ЗЕЛЕНОГО РОСТА» В СИСТЕМЕ СТРАТЕГИЧЕСКОГО ПЛАНИРОВАНИЯ	
и налогообложения	251
Satova R. K.	201
THE PRINCIPLES OF "GREEN GROWTH" IN THE STRATEGIC PLANNING AND TAXATION	
SYSTEM	253
Yanovskaya O.A. THE DEVELOPMENT OF ANTI-CRYSIS MODEL IN THE CASE OF ON AND GAS TOWN	
THE DEVELOPMENT OF ANTI-CRISIS MODEL IN THE CASE OF OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY	254
Caring & WHOODMAINIONNIE TEVILOROPOEMIA IL DEPOSTA CAROCERA	
Секция 8. ИНФОРМАЦИОННЫЕ ТЕХНОЛОГОГИИ И БЕЗОПАСНОСТЬ Section 8. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES AND SAFETY	
Tuleshova A.A.	
SPECTRAL ANALYSIS AND INFORMATION PROCESSING IN THE X-RAY RADIOMETRICAL	
WELL-LOGGING UNITS ON THE BASES OF IT- TECHNOLOGY	256
Zhumagulov B.T., Zhakebayev D.B., Abdibekova A.U.	
MODELLING OF STRUCTURE OF TURBULENCE IN THE ROTATING CYLINDER AT INFLUENCE	
OF THE RADIAL MAGNETIC FIELD.	257