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IMPORTANT DATES

reregistration opens		15	Feb 2013
bstract Submission opens		01	May 2013
balract Submission closes	*	31	July 2013
Communication of acceptance of Abstracts	;	02	Sept 2013
Inline registration with payment opens		01	Aug 2013
Inline registration with payment closes		15	Nov 2013

TOPICS

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Electronic and Photonic Materials Functional Materials Energy and Green materials Advanced Structural Materials Materials Modelling and Simulation Materials Characterization Materials for Bio/Medical Applications

VENUE

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10 - Poster - 10	Mamatha D Daivajna Ashok Rao	Magnetic properties of bismuth doped $Pr_{0.6-x}$ Bi _x Sr _{0.4} MnO ₃ (0 <x<0.15) manganites<="" th=""><th>ABS - 283 - ICA</th></x<0.15)>	ABS - 283 - ICA
10 - Poster - 11	S. Bhaumik A. K. Sinha S. K. Ray, A. K. Das	Optical and magnetic properties of Co doped ZnO-ZnS core-shell nanorods	ABS - 307 - ICA
10 - Poster - 12	Nilotpal Ghosh and H.L. Bhat	Critical Point Phenomena, Magnetocaloric effect and Scaling Anomalies in Ferromagnetic Insulating Nd _{0.7} Pb _{0.3} MnO ₃	ABS - 315 - ICA
10 - Poster - 13	Sudakar Chandran	Tuning Functional Properties by Engineering Defects in Oxides	ABS - 359 - ICA
10 - Poster - 14	U. Manju I. Vobornik J. Fujii , F. Borgatti P. Torelli , D. Krizmancic Y. S. Hor, R. J. Cava and G. Panaccione	Magnetic Proximity Effect as a Pathway to Spintronic Applications of Topological Insulators	ABS - 421 - ICA
10 - Poster - 15	D. Topwal, U. Manju S. Gardonio JF. Jerratsch N. Nilius, G. Pacchioni HJ Freund and C. Carbone	Trapping isolated magnetic atoms	ABS - 427 - ICA
10 - Poster - 16	B.V. Rao P.V.L.Narayana and A.D.P. Rao	Magnetic and Microstructural Studies of Mo ⁶⁺ Substituted Copper Ferrite	ABS - 471 - ICA
10 - Poster - 17	Prashant Kumar Sitharaman Uma and Rajamani Nagarajan	Precursor driven one pot synthesis of Wurtzite and Chalcopyrite CuFeS ₂	ABS - 476 - ICA
10 - Poster - 18	Sudipta Dutta Jayasimha Atulasimha M.S. Bobji and Arindam Ghosh	Magnetic Force Microscopy (MFM) – A Tool to study magnetic property of Ni nanowires	ABS - 511 - ICA
10 - Poster - 19	Elaine T. Dias K. R. Priolkar and A. K. Nigam	Tuning Magneto-structural transformation temperature in Antiperovskite Compounds	ABS - 546 - ICA
10 - Poster - 20	Nagaiah Kambhala and S. Angappane	Proper electroresistance of La _{0.67} Ca _{0.33} MnO ₃ thin film	ABS - 579 - ICA
10 - Poster - 21	K.B.Korzhynbayeva S.M.Tazhibayeva K.B.Musabekov D.K.Bolatova O.Ye.Zhanadilov	Magnetic Nanocomposites of Diatomite/ Iron Oxide	ABS - 590 - ICA
10 - Poster - 22	B. K. Pandey A. K. Shahi and Ram Gopal	Optical and magnetic properties of Fe ₂ O ₃ nanoparticles synthesized by laser ablation/ fragmentation technique in different liquid media	ABS - 611 - ICA

Magnetic Nanocomposites of Diatomite/Iron Oxide

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ABSTRACT

There is currently great interest in the use of magnetic composites due to their potential use in the targeted delivery of drugs, as well as their use as magnetic sorbents in different fields including biotechnology, medicine, and pharmacology. We therefore obtained magnetic composites as a natural sorbent (diatomaceous earth). In the future it would be useful to produce composite magnetite-diatomite-drug, which would allow for systemic transport inside the human body and minimize drug loss and enhance target delivery. Magnetic Composites obtained on the basis iron oxides are highly dispersed composite material consisting of particles of magnetic iron oxide phase deposited on the surface of the carrier phase (in this case, this function takes the natural mineral - diatomite) having certain biological and pharmaceutical properties, or is a substrate for applying such formulations. On the surfaces of the magnetic phase drug when administered to a human has to go into a fluid phase variable speed, which would deliver more of the drug to the necessary location. This will require to get a magnetic composite, which would have a function that the drug with magnetic composite entering the human body moving in a fluid phase with variable speed, which would deliver more of the drug with magnetic composite entering the human body moving in a fluid phase with variable speed, which would deliver more of the drug with magnetic composite entering the human body moving in a fluid phase with variable speed, which would deliver more of the drug with magnetic composite entering the human body moving in a fluid phase with variable speed, which would deliver more of the drug to the necessary location.

In order to obtain magnetic composite, iron oxide was mixed with natural minerals containing 10%, 25%, and 50% magnetic; composite magnetic diatomite was obtained from superfine iron oxide in the presence of diatomaceous earth. Magnetic diatomite iron oxide was synthesized by a three step co-precipitation process: (1) co-precipitation of a mixture of two iron salts and ferric hydroxide, (2) sodium peptization using sulfuric acid, and (3) centrifuging the precipitate. The obtained magnetic composite was washed with water and filtered, followed by vacuum drying to form iron oxide diatomite. By using this method, composites containing the magnetic particle-phase were obtained.

Here we used diatomite deposits from the Mugojar Aktobe region. The phase composition of the composites was investigated using X-ray diffraction (XRD). XRD revealed that magnetic composite diatomite (10% and 25% magnetite) consisted of quartz and maghemite (Fe₂O₃-magnetite-2,51, SiO₂-quartz-3,39); only the composite composed of 50% magnetite had the composition Fe₂O₃-maghemite-2,51, SiO₂-quartz-3,39, and Fe₃O₄-magnetite-2,94. The presence of quartz in all the samples was explained by the fact that the mass fraction of quartz in the diatomite was 63%.

Therefore we establish that magnetite is the main component of all the samples, and are therefore likely to be useful as drug delivery composites.