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SELF-TEST CORNER OF MOLBIOL UNDERGRADUATE: DESIGNING OWN TESTS Part 3. Nina Dervabina

Posted By Zaure G. Aytasheva, February 7, 2015

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GENETIC ROLE OF NUCLEIC ACIDS

Submitted by Nina Deryabina

Biotechnology 13-10

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The role, biological significance, and structure of nucleic acids.

- 1. Which of the followings contains all the molecules involved in the structure of DNA?
- a) Ribose, thymine, adenine, inosite, phosphate group
- b) Deoxyribose, nitrogenous bases and carboxylic group
- c) Ribose, nitrogenous bases, phosphate group
- d) Nucleoside (nitrogenous base+deoxyribose) and phosphate group.
- e) Nucleoside (nitrogenous base+ribose) and phosphate group.
- 2. Which of the following nucleotides has a double ring structure. Indicate the most completed answer.
- a) 5'methyluridine, guanine, cytosine
- b) 7'methyladenine, guanine, adenine
- c) 5'hydroxymethylcytosine, 1'methylguanine, cytosine
- d) cytosine, thymine, uracil
- e) guanine, adenine, 4'thiouracil
- 3. Which of the following nucleotides has a single ring structure? Indicate the most completed structure.

- a) 5'hydroxymethylcytosine, 4'thiouracil, 7'methyladenine
- b) Adenine, guanine, dihydrouracil
- c) 1'methylguanine, 5'hydroxymethyluracil, thymine
- d) Thymine, adenine, guanine
- e) Dihydrouracil, cytosine, thymine
- 4. Which of the following statements does not represent the function of DNA?
- a) This molecule delivers the aminoacids to the ribosome
- b) This molecule encodes the genetic instructions used in the functioning of the whole organism
- c) This molecule can influence the phenotype of an organism
- d) It stores the genetic information which can also be transmitted to next generations
- e) It provides the mechanism for heredity
- 5. Which of the followings is not a part of RNA?
- a) Uracil and guanine
- b) Adenine and cytosine
- c) Thymine and carboxylic group
- d) Phosphate group and ribose
- e) Ribose and uracil
- 6. What is the difference between DNA and RNA? (More than one right answer may be fair)
- a) They are polymers consisting of monomers
- b) They play a significant role in protein synthesis
- c) They have different sugars in their structures
- d) They both have adenine, cytosine and guanine in their structures
- e) They both have nucleosides, which do not contain a phosphate group
- 7. Which of the followings is not true about pyrimidines?
- a) Aromatic heterocyclic organic compound

- b) They are thymine, uracil, cytosine, and their derivatives
- c) Have oxygen with the double bond in the structure
- d) Single ring structure
- e) They are adenine, guanine and their derivatives
- 8. Which of the followings is true abour pyrines?
- a) Pyrines can be found only in DNA structure
- b) Pyrines are single ringed aromatic structures
- c) Pyrines can be connected only with purines
- d) Their derivatives are adenine, and 1'methylguanine
- e) The bonds between pyrines are of hydrophobic nature
- 9. Which of the followings cannot be a part of DNA?
- a) Uracil and ribose
- b) Phosphate group and thymine
- c) Deoxyribose and adenine
- d) Guanine and cytosine
- e) Deoxyribose and cytosine
- 10. Which of the followings is not a function of RNA?
- a) It transports amoniacids to a ribosome
- b) It transmits the stimuli from extracellular domain to cytoplasmic domain of complex kinases
- c) It links aminoacids to form a protein
- d) It directs the assembly of proteins on ribosomes
- e) It transfers genetic information from nucleus to cytoplasm

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