Lecture Notes in Electrical Engineering

Volume 235

For further volumes: http://www.springer.com/series/7818

Hoe-Kyung Jung · Jung Tae Kim Tony Sahama · Chung-Huang Yang Editors

Future Information Communication Technology and Applications

ICFICE 2013



Editors
Hoe-Kyung Jung
Computer Engineering
Paichai University
Daeieon

Republic of South Korea

Jung Tae Kim Electronic Engineering Mokwon University Daejeon Republic of South Korea Tony Sahama Electrical Engineering QUT Gardens Point Brisbane, QLD Australia

Chung-Huang Yang Graduate Institute of Information National Kaohsiung Normal University Kaohsiung City, Kao-hsiung Taiwan Republic of China

ISSN 1876-1100 ISSN 1876-1119 (electronic) ISBN 978-94-007-6515-3 ISBN 978-94-007-6516-0 (eBook) DOI 10.1007/978-94-007-6516-0

Springer Dordrecht Heidelberg New York London

Library of Congress Control Number: 2013937606

© Springer Science+Business Media Dordrecht 2013

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are reserved by the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of translation, reprinting, reuse of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed. Exempted from this legal reservation are brief excerpts in connection with reviews or scholarly analysis or material supplied specifically for the purpose of being entered and executed on a computer system, for exclusive use by the purchaser of the work. Duplication of this publication or parts thereof is permitted only under the provisions of the Copyright Law of the Publisher's location, in its current version, and permission for use must always be obtained from Springer. Permissions for use may be obtained through RightsLink at the Copyright Clearance Center. Violations are liable to prosecution under the respective Copyright Law. The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

While the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication, neither the authors nor the editors nor the publisher can accept any legal responsibility for any errors or omissions that may be made. The publisher makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to the material contained herein.

Printed on acid-free paper

Springer is part of Springer Science+Business Media (www.springer.com)

Message from the ICFICE2013 General Chairs

The 2013 International Conference on Future Information and Communication Engineering (ICFICE2013) was held in Shenyang, China on June 24–26, 2013. In recent society, IT (Information Technology) influenced and changed every aspect of our lives and our cultures. Information and communication technology should be extended to enhance human life by converging engineering technique and scientific technology together. In the future world, IT will play a very important to role in convergence of computing, communication, and related fields. The objectives of ICFICIE2013 are intended to foster the dissemination of stat-of-art research in all IT convergence areas, including its models, services, and novel applications associated with its utilization. This conference gave an opportunity for the participants to exchange new ideas and application experiences.

This year there were 380 paper submissions and 116 papers were accepted for presentation. Authors of accepted papers came from 13 countries and 5 continents, illustrating the international flavor of ICFICE2013. Each paper was reviewed by at least two program committee member and reviewers. We would like to thank all authors of this conference for their paper contributions and presentations and reviewers for their work and excellent contributions.

We would like to express our appreciation to Prof. Jung Tae Kim, Prof. Chung-Huang Yang and Dr. Tony Sahama and the another organizing committee member of ICFICE2013.

Finally, we are delighted to acknowledge the generous sponsorship of ICFICE2013 by the NRF (National Research Foundation), Ministry of Knowledge and Economy, Federation of Sciences and Sciences and Technology Societies and NIPA (National IT Industry Promotion Agency).

The conference was hosted by the KIICE (The Korea Institute of Information and Communication Engineering) and IMATECH Ltd. On the behalf of the committee, we wish participants and quests have a remarkable experiences for developing the research fields and interchanging an academics and friendship.

June 2013

Hoe-Kyung Jung Paichai University Daejeon, Korea Xu Xiao Yuan IMATEC Ltd. Shenyang, China

Message from the ICFICE2013 Program Chairs

The 2013 International Conference on Future Information and Communication Engineering (ICFICE2013) was held in Shenyang, China on June 24–26, 2013.

The conference program divides into 10 tracks with submitted 117 papers. The papers were also reviewed and focus on convergence of novel applications and services related to information and communication convergence engineering. From this conference, we may be able to exchange and share experiences, new ideas, and research results, with the gathering of learned experts in the field of information, communication technology, and fusion of related fields. The main topics are as follows:

- Track 1: Communication System and Applications
- Track 2: Networking and Services
- Track 3: Intelligent Information System
- Track 4: Multimedia and Digital Convergence
- Track 5: Semiconductor and Communication Services
- Track 6: Imaging and Biomedical Engineering
- Track 7: Ubiquitous Sensor Network
- Track 8: Database and Internet Application
- Track 9: Mobile Communication
- Track 10: IT Fusion Technology

We also would like to appreciate to the members of program committee and organization committee, keynote speakers, reviewers, and authors who have contributed to the success of this conference.

June 2013

Jung Tae Kim Mokwon University Daejeon, Korea

Tony Sahama Queensland University of Technology Brisbane, Australia

Chung-Huang Yang National Kaohsiung Normal University Kaohsiung City, Taiwan

Organizing Committee

General Co-Chair

President, Hoe Kyung Jung (Paichai University, Korea) CEO, Xu Xiao yuan (IMATEC Ltd., China)

Vice General Chair

Vice President, H. K. Jung (Kunsan National University, Korea)

Steering Committee

Chang Wu Hur (Mokwon University, Korea) Conan K. R. Ryu (Mokwon University, Korea) Choon Sik Park (Sheenbang Electroincs, Co.)

Program Chair/Co-Chair

Jung Tae Kim (Mokwon University, Korea)
Tony Sahama (Queensland University of Technology, Australia)
Chung-Huang Yang (National Kaohsiung Normal University, Taiwan)

Publicity Chair/Co-Chair

Kwang-Baek Kim (Silla University, Korea) Cao Ke Rang (IMATEC Ltd., China)

Program Member

Jin Woo Hong (Electronic Telecommunication Research Institute, Korea) Nam Ho Kim (Pukyong National University, Korea) Kyung Wook Shin (Kumoh National Institute of Technology, Korea) Hyeop-Goo Yeo (Hanshin University, Korea) WanBok Lee (Kongju National University, Korea) Jin Keun Hong (Baekseok University, Korea)

Song, Teuk Seob (Mokwon University, Korea)

Doo Heon, Song (Yong-in Songdam College, Korea)

Soo Kyun Kim (Pai Chai Unversity, Korea)

Kwangki Ryoo (Hanbat National University, Korea)

Choi DongOun (Wonkwnag Unversity, Korea)

Hyuk-Kee Sung (Hongik University, Korea)

Sang Gug Park (Iiduk University, Korea)

Dae Hyun, Ryu (Hansei University, Korea)

Kim, Seong Cheol (Sangmyung University, Korea)

Dae-Ki Kang (Dongseo University, Korea)

Chang Soo, Ryu (Yewon Arts University, Korea)

Kim, Byun-Gon (Kunsan National University, Korea)

Cho, Hyun Cheol (Ulsan College, Korea)

Sangook Moon (Mokwon University, Korea)

Howon Kim (Pusan National University, Korea)

Seong-Yoon Shin (Kunsan National University, Korea)

A. S. M. Sanwar Hosen (Chonbuk National University, Korea)

Kangsoo You (Jeonju University, Korea)

SangHo Moon (Pusan University of Foreign Studies, Korea)

Chan-bong Park (Mokwon University, Korea)

Am-Suk Oh (Dongmyung University, Korea)

Young Woon Woo (Dongeui University, Korea)

Young-Uhg Lho (Silla Universitty, Korea)

Chang Soo Kim (Pukyong National University, Korea)

Natalya Korobova (National Research University of Electronic Technology,

Russia, Federation)

Jung-Min (Jerry) Park (Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University, U.S.A)

Hong K. Sung (University of Central Oklahoma, U.S.A)

Boyan Iliev Tatarov (Dongwoo Optron, Bulgaria)

Sanghyuk Lee (Xi'an Jiaotong-Liverpool University, China)

Changji Wang (Sun Yat-sen University, China)

Mingui Sun (University of Pittsburgh, U.S.A)

Hong Seung Ko (The Kyoto College of Graduate Studies for Informatics, Japan)

Deepti Gaur (ITM University Gurgaon, India)

Tayfun Akgul (Istanbul Technical University, Turkey)

Genaro Saavedra (University of Valencia, Spain)

Hiroshi Yoshikawa (Nihon University, Japan)

Arun Anand (Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, India)

Eriko Watanabe (University of Electro-Communications, Japan)

Manuel Martinez-Corral (University of Valencia, Spain)

Yingmin Jia (Beihang University, China)

Du Junping (Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications, China)

Hee-hyol Lee (Waseda University, Japan)

Baek-Young Choi (University of Missouri, U.S.A.)

Cao Yang (Eastern Liaoning University, China)

Rahman Ahad (University of Dhaka, Bangladesh)

Chia-Yen Chen (Khaoshiung University, Taiwan)

Hui Chen (Jinan University, China)

Chen, Yuh-Shyan (National Taipei University, Taiwan)

Chang, Chih-Yung (Tamkang University, Taiwan)

M. L. Dennis Wong (Swinburne University of Technology, Malaysia)

Zhongping Que (Taiyuan University of Technology, China)

Yujia Zhai (Xian Jiaotong Liverpool University, China)

M. L. Dennis Wong (Swinburne University of Technology Sarawak, Malaysia)

Zhongping Que (Taiyuan University of Technology, China)

Yujia Zhai (Xi'an Jiaotong-Liverpool University, China)

Xiaofeng Niu (Taiyuan University of Technology, China)

Ka Lok Man (Xi'an Jiaotong-Liverpool University, China)

T. O. Ting (Xian Jiaotong-Liverpool University, China)

Contents

Part I Communication System and Application

1	Dispersion Managed Optical Links with Randomly Distributed Residual Dispersion Per Span for 960 Gbps WDM Transmission	3
2	In-Band MAC-Layer Sensing for the Cognitive Radio Networks	11
3	Design of Circular Patch Microstrip Antenna for 2.4 GHz RFID Applications	21
4	Vitalization of E-Marketplace to Strengthen Trade Between Korea and China in Electronic Commerce	29
5	Marketing and Inventory Managements in Smart Phone Environment	37
6	Relationship Between Car Color and Car Accident on the Basis of Chromatic Aberration	45

xiv Contents

7	Feasibility Study of 32 Trellis-Coded OFDM Waveform for Tactical Information Communication	53
8	Quantization Error According to Bit Truncation Method in 4k-FFT Algorithm	63
9	Channel Compensation of Variable Symbol Timing Offset in Non-synchronized OFDM System	73
10	Comparison of Job Scheduling Policies in Cloud Computing Yang Cao, CheulWoo Ro and JianWei Yin	81
11	Robust Observer Based Model Predictive Control of a 3-DOF Helicopter System	89
12	Improving Cell Phone Based Gait Identification with Optimal Response Time Using Cloudlet Infrastructure	101
13	Logical Analysis of Discrete Event System Using Compositional Minimization	111
14	Accurate Indoor Positioning Technique Using RSSI Assisted Inertial Measurement	121
Part	t II Networking and Services	
15	An Efficient Access Control Mechanism for Application Software Using the Open Authentication	133
16	Tracking Multi-Objects in Web Camera Video Using Particle Filtering	141

Contents xv

17	Mutual Authentication Scheme for Cloud Computing Shirly Lee, Tae Yong Kim and Hoon-Jae Lee	149
18	A Novel Algorithm for Detection of Elephant Flows: Landmark-LRU with Recycle	159
19	ISPM: An Improved Secure Payment Mechanism to Prevent the Black Hole Attack and Selfish Node in WMN Junguo Liao and Junwen Li	169
20	Analysis of Internet Banking Security Crack Through Messenger Hacking Dea-Woo Park and Kyong-Ha Roo	179
21	Routing Approach in IPv6 Ubiquitous Internet-Based Home Automation Network. Ardiansyah Musa Efendi, Oh Seung Kyo, Ali Fahmi Perwira Negara, Thang Hoang and Deokjai Choi	189
22	A Network-Based IP Mobility Management Scheme with IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack Support	199
23	Network System Based on M2M for Efficient Visual Information Service	209
24	A Study of Technical Strategy for Tourism Social Network Services from the Viewpoint of Acceptance Decision Factor Hyun-Jee Park, Young-Ha Kim and Am-Suk Oh	219
25	Web Based CDN Structure for Smart Devices Yu-Doo Kim and Il-Young Moon	229
Part	III Intelligent Information System	
26	A New User Adaptive Pointing and Correction Algorithm Jung-Jae Jo and Young-Chul Kim	237

xvi Contents

27	Design of Real-Time MAC Protocol for Road Traffic Status Provision Using Sensor Networks	245
28	Enhancing Document Clustering Using Reweighting Terms Based on Semantic Features	257
29	Time-Delay Neural Network with 3 Frequency Bands Based on Voiced Speech Discrimination in Noise	265
30	Linear Prediction-Based Reconstruction of Electrocardiogram with Premature Ventricular Contraction for Heart Rate Variability Analysis	273
31	EDISON Platform: A Software Infrastructure for Application-Domain Neutral Computational Science Simulations	283
32	Application of Web Search Results for Document Classification	293
33	Similarity Measure Design for Non-Overlapped Data Sanghyuk Lee	299
34	A Vehicle Recognition Using Part-Based Representations Myungseon Hwang and Hyunchul Kang	309
35	Wind Turbine Performance Monitoring Based on Hybrid Clustering Method	317
36	Intelligent Road Control and Monitoring	327

Contents xviii

Part	IV Multimedia and Digital Convergence	
37	Improvement in Waterproof Effect of Speaker Enclosure	339
38	An Adjustment Method of a Convergence Point for Zoom-In on a Dual Lens Stereoscopic Camera	349
39	Reliability-Based Selective Encoding in Pixel-Domain Wyner-Ziv Residual Video Codec	359
40	A Mobile Navigation System with Vibration Flow	369
41	A Design and Development of Korean Traditional Board Game on Android Environment	379
42	Study on the Librarian Helper Robot System Implementation Sang-Gug Park	389
Part	V Semiconductor and Communication Services	
43	Device Degradation Under High Gate and Drain Bias Stress in IGZO Transistors	401
44	2D Analysis of Breakdown Voltages for Device Dimension of Double Gate MOSFET Using Nonlinear Doping Profile Hakkee Jung and Dongsoo Cheong	409
45	Analysis on Off-Current of Double Gate MOSFET for Composition of Forward and Backward Current	419
46	A HW/SW Co-Design Implementation of Viola-Jones Algorithm for Driver Drowsiness Detection	427

xviii Contents

47	Analysis of Subthreshold Characteristics for Doping Concentration of DGMOSFET Using Series Form of Potential	437
48	A Parasitic-Insensitive Charge Transfer Circuit for Capacitive Sensing Based on Switched Capacitor Integrator	445
49	Calculation 15-Fold Integrals by Method of Optimal Coefficients for Small Values of the Numbers of Knots Quadrature Formulas	453
50	Effect of the Filler on the Physico-Mechanical Properties of the Polyimide Composite Materials	461
51	Strong Self-Pulsations in a Multi-Electrode Distributed Feedback Laser Integrated With an Electro-Absorption Modulator	467
52	Radiation Modification of the Structure of Nanosized Metal Powders	471
53	Effect of Low-Temperature Annealing on the Optical Properties of Composite Material, the System "Polyimides: YBa ₂ Cu ₃ O _{6,7} "	477
54	Preparation and Application of PZT Films in Microelectronics	483
55	Study of the Stress-Strain State in the Bare Crystals in Technology Implementation of Internal Mounting Timoshenkov Sergey, Dolgovykh Yu, A. Titov, K. Tikhonov and D. Vertyanov	491

Contents xix

Part	VI Imaging and Biomedical Engineering	
56	A Micro-Scale Solar Energy Harvesting Circuit with MPPT Control for Self-Powered Systems	499
57	Multi-View Stereoscopic Image Synthesis Algorithm for 3DTV	509
58	Cell Image Segmentation by Contour Following Method with Directional Angle	519
59	Performance Improvement of Vehicle Tracking Using Parts Features Adaboost	525
60	A Study on the Selection of ROI and Trace Under the Multiple Object Environments	533
61	Edge Detection Using Modified Directional Coefficient Mask in AWGN	543
62	An Intra Prediction Hardware Architecture with Low Computational Complexity for HEVC Decoder	549
63	A Color Gamut Mapping System Using the RGB Primaries and White-Point Correction for a Wide Gamut Display Device	559
64	A Region of Interest Labeling Algorithm Using Three Mask Patterns	569
65	Multi-Factor Authentication Process Using More than One Token with Watermark Security	579

xx Contents

Part	VII Ubiquitous Sensor Network	
66	Energy Based Interference Avoidance Scheme in Ubiquitous Medical Environments	591
67	Technical Analysis of Stock Trading Point in Electronic Commerce	599
68	ADC Design for Neural Acquisition Application Ruoyuan Qu, Zhe Guo, Na Liu, Yueyang Chen and Xinghua Wang	607
69	Design of Microstrip Patch Antenna Using Inset-Fed Layered for Metallic Object in u-Port	615
70	An Analysis on the Effects of Cluster Leadership Rotation Among Nodes Using Least Temperature Routing Protocol Nico Encarnacion and Hyunho Yang	625
71	Performance Analysis of Tag Identification Method Based on Multi-Reader Using Anti-Collision Algorithm	635
72	Segregated Lightweight Dynamic Rate (SLDR) Control Scheme for Efficient Internet Communications	645
73	Remote Sensing of Asian Dust at DaeJeon Station in NIES Lidar Network	653
74	Transmission Range Determination with a Timeslot-Based Energy Distribution Scheme for Solar-Energy Harvesting Sensor Systems	661

Contents xxi

75	A New Algorithm for Solving the Energy Conservation Equation Based on ADI Method	671
76	Sensor Prioritization and Decisive Sensing: A Conservative Power Saving Scheme for BSNs	679
77	A Study of Optimal Path Availability Clustering Algorithm in Ad Hoc Network	689
78	Localized Positioning Method for Optimization Path Availability Clustering Algorithm in Ad Hoc Network Young-jun Oh, Dong-keun Oh and Kang-whan Lee	697
79	Performance Analysis of Routing Algorithm Based on Link Quality in Wireless Sensor Networks	705
80	Low Latency and Collision Avoidance MAC Protocol in Wireless Multimedia Sensor Networks	715
81	A QoS and Throughput Enhancement MAC Protocol in Wireless Sensor Networks	723
Part	VIII Database and Internet Application	
82	The Proposed on Model-Based User Interface Modules Chul-Hyun Hwang, Zhu Jiang, Sung-Han Kim, Seung-Yun Lee and Hoe-Kyung Jung	733
83	A Study on Design and Implementation of the Web-Based Real-Time Video Communication System	743
84	Comprehensive Analysis of Data Clustering Algorithms Deepti Gaur and Seema Gaur	753

xxii Contents

85	The Student Safety Network Service System Using the Location-Based Services of Smartphone	763
86	Design of an Inventory Management System for Refrigerated Warehouses on Mobile Environments	773
87	The Design of XML-Based Software Information System Schema and Development of the Standard for Information Processing Chang-Su Kim, Min-Kyo In, Kang-Chan Lee, Seung-Yun Lee and Hoe-Kyung Jung	783
88	A Study on Learning Achievement Improvement Based on SLL Program	793
89	A Performance Test of Query Operation on Encrypted Database	801
90	Similarity Measure Design on Big Data	811
Part	IX Mobile Communication	
91	MDDI Protocol Implementation for Mobile System	823
92	Practical Signal Models for Orthogonal Code Hopping Multiplexing Systems	835
93	Energy Efficient Data Transmission Mechanism in Wireless Sensor Networks	845
94	An Enhanced Network Coding Scheme for Mobile Ad-hoc Network	853

Contents xxiii

95	IDS Scheme for Blackhole Attack on MANETs Young-Dong Kim and Dong-Ill Kim	863
96	Physical Forensic Acquisition and Pattern Unlock on Android Smart Phones	871
Part	X IT Fusion Technology	
97	A New Distance Metric Based on Class-Space Reduction Byungjoon Park and Sejong Oh	885
98	A New Criterion of Mutual Information Using R-value Taegoon Han, Youngbok Hong and Sejong Oh	895
99	Command Fusion Based Fuzzy Controller Design for Moving Obstacle Avoidance of Mobile Robot	905
100	The Consideration of GPS Jamming Signal Due to Propagation Path Loss	915
101	On Development of an Open Platform for High Performance Computing Services: Design of TCAD Meta-Data Schema and Its Application to Computational Nanoelectronics Du Seok Jin, Jung-lok Yu, Jun-hyung Lee, Jongsuk Ruth Lee, Kumwon Cho and Hoon Ryu	921
102	Scratch Inspection of Spectacle Lens Based on Fuzzy Logic Kwang-Beak Kim, Doo Heon Song, Jae-Hyun Cho and Young Woon Woo	931
103	Microstructure Evolution of the Cu-Cr Hypereutectic Alloys During Directional Solidification	939
104	Development of Knocking Analysis Algorithms for Fuel Reduction in CRDI Engine	949

xxiv Contents

105	Multi-Criteria Decision Making Based on Fuzzy Measure Sanghyuk Lee, Yan Sun and Di Feng	959
106	Estimation of Flood Risk on the Roads Using Current Accumulated Rainfall via RSS Service of Weather Center Eunmi Kim, Hyun Suk Hwang and Chang Soo Kim	969
107	A Light Mobile Web Service Framework Based on Axis2 Zhun Shen, Ka Lok Man, Hai-Ning Liang, Nan Zhang, Charles Fleming, David Olalekan Afolabi, Yanyan Wu and Sheung-Hung Poon	977
108	Development of Real-Time Condition Check Systems for Racing Cars Using WCDMA	987
109	Implementation of Vehicle Remote Status Verification System Using Driving Information	997
110	A Study on the System for Customer Feedback Integration Inference in B2C Service Industries	1007
111	Production of Nanoporous Alumina and Surface Studies by Atomic Force Microscopy	1015
112	A Study on the Design of the Efficient Adder and Multiplier Based on Normal Basis over Finite Fields	1023
113	Diamond-Like Carbon Films Obtained by Ion-Plasma Magnetron Sputtering	1033
114	Analyses of Attacks on Embedded RFID Application Under U-Healthcare System	1039

Contents xxv

115	Performance Analysis of Smart Healthcare System Based on ISO/IEEE 11073 and HL7	
	Jae-Hwan Jean, Sung-In Kang, Gwan-Hyung Kim, Oh-Hyun Kwon, Jong-Hee Lee and Am-Suk Oh	
116	Random Walks, Lévy Flights, Markov Chains and Metaheuristic Optimization	1055
Auth	nor Index	1065

Chapter 52 Radiation Modification of the Structure of Nanosized Metal Powders

M. Zh. Buranbaev, B. A. Aliev, U. P. Koztaeva, G. Partizan, Zh. Entibekov, Zh. Nakysbekov and M. Aitzhanov

Abstract The structure of nano-sized copper powders, before and after irradiation with high-energy electrons in the dose range 1–10 Mrad, has been studied using the methods of electron microscopy, small-angle X-ray scattering and X-ray photography. New structural phases with different lattice types and parameters have been detected.

 $\textbf{Keywords} \ \ \text{Nanopowders} \ \boldsymbol{\cdot} \ \text{Electron microscopy} \ \boldsymbol{\cdot} \ \text{Small-angle} \ X\text{-ray} \ \text{scattering} \ \boldsymbol{\cdot} \ X\text{-ray}$

52.1 Introduction

It is known that fundamental properties of different materials change in their nanosized state. A rapid development of nanotechnology in the past two decades has contributed to an increase in the interest of researchers to the study of properties and characteristics of external influences on the structure and properties of materials at the nanometer level. This interest stems primarily from the possibility of using nanopowders in the field of advanced materials and technologies, brand new appliances and devices. Basic physical properties of metal nanoparticles differ significantly from the properties of metals in the normal bulk state and in many cases are unique. In these systems, interesting combinations of electrical, magnetic, thermal, superconducting, mechanical and other properties, not found in bulk materials, have been discovered [1].

e-mail: gulmira.partizan@gmail.com

M. Zh. Buranbaev · B. A. Aliev · U. P. Koztaeva · G. Partizan (☒) Zh. Entibekov · Zh. Nakysbekov · M. Aitzhanov Scientific-Research Institute of Experimental and Theoretical Physics, Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, Almaty, Kazakhstan

472 M. Zh. Buranbaev et al.

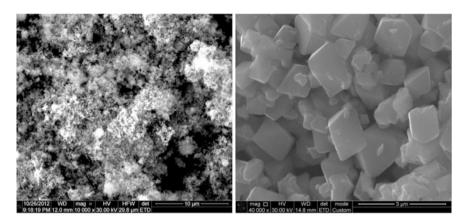


Fig. 52.1 A photograph of copper nanoparticles, obtained by electron microscopy

52.2 Experimental Part and Discussion

At the present time, to explain specific features of physical properties of metal nanoparticles the so-called "jellium" model is used, which assumes that clusters of alkali and rare-earth metals have a shell electronic structure [2, 3] similar to the shell structure of atomic nuclei. The presence of the shell electronic structure is confirmed by the experimental studies of the dependence of properties of metal clusters on the number of atoms in the cluster.

This paper presents the results of studies of the structure of nanosized copper powders, obtained by electric explosion of conductors [4]. Using a scanning electron microscope Quanta 200i 3D, the sizes of copper particles, having a spherical shape of radii ranging from 30 nm to 300 microns (Fig. 52.1), were determined. The particle size distribution in the studied powders was determined by the method of small-angle X-ray scattering on the diffractometer Hecus S3-Micro. Figure 52.2 shows the average particle size distribution. Stable clusters of particles of a definite size are formed as a result of action of the following factors:

- (a) Passage of a voltage of about 40 kV through the chamber with a 0.03 m long, 3×10^{-4} m thick, piece of wire, which causes disruption of conduction electrons, and even electrons of the outer shells. The disruption of the outer shells of electrons leads to the Coulomb explosion [5, 6] and formation of nanoparticles, between the atoms of which multiple (covalent) bonds are formed. The size of nanopowders is determined by the supplied energy.
- (b) The interaction of delocalized electrons and the nucleus of the nanoparticle causes formation of superatoms [2, 3], having a smaller radius than the radius of ordinary atoms, which leads to formation of new phases with smaller parameters of a unit cell.
- (c) Another factor is the structure that defines the stable shape and size of the cluster, i.e. determines the minimum and maximum density.

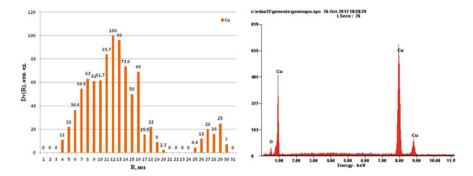


Fig. 52.2 The dependence of the volume function of the particle size distribution

X-ray studies of copper powders were made on the diffractometer DRON-2 M using $\text{CuK}\alpha$ radiation. The X-ray diffraction pattern of a copper monolith (Fig. 52.3) has clearly visible peaks corresponding to the reflections from the (111), (200), (220) and (311) planes of FCC copper structure with the lattice size smaller than that of nanopowders. The X-ray photograph also has a low diffraction peak at a small angle, which may correspond to defects in the crystal structure.

Figure 52.4 presents the experimental X-ray diffraction data of non-irradiated copper powders, which show that peaks (111) and (200) have shoulders and an additional complex peak at small angles. The calculations showed that the peak observed at an angle $2\theta = 35.07$ corresponds to the reflection from the plane (100). It is known that the peak of (100) plane can be observed only in the presence of a phase with a primitive cubic lattice, which is not observed in bulk copper crystals.

The experiments were carried out in air, and, hence, the superatoms having the same properties as metal atoms were covered by an oxide layer. The relatively low peaks, located between the peaks from (200) and (220) planes correspond to the reflections from copper oxides CuO and Cu₂O. These results indicate that the

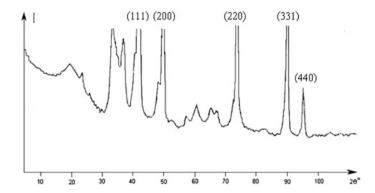


Fig. 52.3 A diffraction pattern of the copper monolith

474 M. Zh. Buranbaev et al.

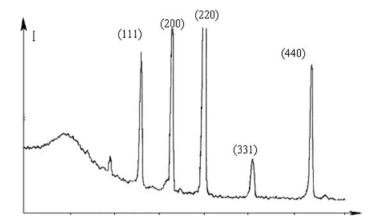


Fig. 52.4 Diffraction pattern of unirradiated copper nanopowder

crystal structure of copper nanopowders is significantly different from that of the monolith.

The splitting of the peaks can be attributed to the presence of clusters with different lattice parameters or the existence of several crystalline phases.

The authors [4] suppose that structural changes in small particles are caused by the increase in their surface energy, which makes a considerable fraction of the volume energy. Therefore, in order to reduce the total energy of the system it may be advantageous to make such a deformation of the crystal, in which the decrease in the surface energy compensates the increase in the volume energy. In the simplest case, such a deformation is reduced to a change in the lattice constant of the crystal, which is often observed experimentally. For a more detailed study of specific features of the structure, the studied powders were irradiated by various doses of 2 meV electrons. The irradiation was carried out in a vacuum chamber on the nano-electron accelerator ELU-4. Figure 52.5 shows the diffraction pattern of the copper powder, irradiated by electrons to absorbed doses of 1 Mrad, which

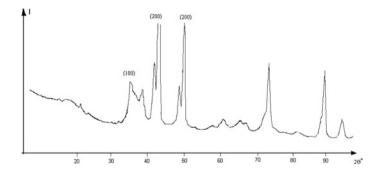


Fig. 52.5 Diffraction pattern of nanopowder copper irradiated to absorbed dose 1 Mrad

Lattice type	P	F_1	F_2
Cluster radius, nm	8	12	16
Atomic radius, Å	1.2743	1.3158	1.2859
Lattice parameter, Å	2.5486	3.7218	3.6371
Residual electron shells of atoms	$3d^{8}$	$3d^{10}$	$3d^{9}$

Table 52.1 Experimental parameters of Cu nanoparticles irradiated to a dose of 1 Mrad

shows that peaks of (111) and (200) become narrower, and their splitting becomes more clearly seen.

The splitting of peaks, typical of the FCC copper structure, indicates the appearance of two new phases due to different radii of atoms, which, in turn, depend on the number of delocalized electrons. Reflections from the (100) plane may occur only in the presence of clusters with a primitive cubic lattice. In order to determine parameters of various phases, the radii of atoms in clusters were calculated, the results of calculations are presented in Table 52.1. The difference in the values of atomic radii is probably due to the fact that different clusters are formed by atoms with different numbers of delocalized valence electrons.

A clear splitting of peaks shows that electron irradiation causes changes in the electron structure of atoms and clusters with quantitative redistribution of different structures. It increases the number of clusters with a strictly defined number of atoms corresponding to magic numbers. When a sample is irradiated with a dose of 5 Mrad (Fig. 52.6) the peak of the (100) plane increases, which shows that the electron irradiation causes an increase in the number of clusters with the coordination number 6 or a primitive cubic lattice among the powder particles. Figure 52.7 shows the diffraction pattern of the copper powder, irradiated to a dose of 10 Mrad, which shows that splitting of (111) and (200) peaks vanishes, and the (100) peak becomes lower. Such intensive exposure to ionizing radiation leads to radiation fragmentation of nanoparticles, which, firstly, causes formation of particles of optimal size (magic number), and, secondly, agglomeration of nanoparticles.

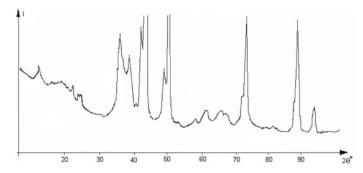


Fig. 52.6 Diffraction pattern of copper nanopowder irradiated to absorbed doses of 5 MWP

476 M. Zh. Buranbaev et al.

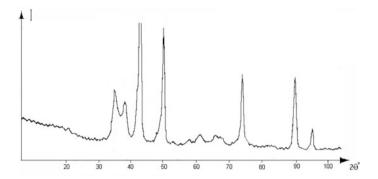


Fig. 52.7 Diffraction pattern of copper nanopowder irradiated to an absorbed dose of 10 Mrad

52.3 Conclusion

It has been established that nano-sizes depend significantly on the electron structure of atoms, and therefore several different structural phases can coexist. The presence of three crystalline phases was detected. A new copper phase with a primitive cubic lattice, not typical of bulk copper crystals, was discovered.

It was found out that at low irradiation doses the ordering processes in the existing crystalline phases dominate, which is caused by the increase in the number of clusters with a stable electron structure of atoms. An increase in the irradiation dose causes, due to the Coulomb explosion [5, 6], splitting of nanoparticles to the magic numbers, as the most stable structures, and agglomeration of nanoparticles.

References

- Morokhov ID, Petinov VI, Trusov LI, Petrunin VF (1981) Structure and properties of small metal particles. UFN 133(4):653
- 2. Ivanov VK (1999) Electronic properties of metal clusters. Soros Educ J 8:97-102
- Poole C, Owens F (2003) Introduction to nanotechnology. John Wiley & Sons Inc, Hoboken, N.J.
- 4. Nagaev EL (1992) Small metal particles. UFN 162(9):49
- Erokhin KM, Kalashnikov NP, Nesterikhin YE, Ol'chak AS (2011) Coulomb explosion of alkali and transition metals under the condition of partial removal of conduction electrons. Doklady Phys 56(2):67–72
- Erokhin KM, Kalashnikov NP, Nesterikhin YE, Ol'chak AS (2010) The binding energy and cell size for univalent metals in the charged-ball model. Doklady Phys 55(6):253–256